UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

		x
IN RE DVI, INC. SECURITIES LITIGATION		Civil Action No. 2:03-cv-05336-LDD
		x
	OF	RDER
AND NOW, this	day of	, 2009, upon consideration of Clifford Chance
LLP and Clifford Chance US	LLP's Motion	for Summary Judgment, it is hereby ORDERED
that the Motion is GRANTED,	and this case is	s dismissed in its entirety with respect to Clifford
Chance LLP and Clifford Chance		v 2
		BY THE COURT:
		LEGROME D. DAVIS. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

x	
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x	

CLIFFORD CHANCE LLP AND CLIFFORD CHANCE US LLP'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Defendants Clifford Chance LLP and Clifford Chance US LLP (together "Clifford Chance") hereby move pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for summary judgment in this case. This Motion is supported by the accompanying Memorandum of Law and the Statement of Material Undisputed Facts, which are incorporated herein by reference.

Dated: April 30, 2009

Respectfully submitted,

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

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MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS CLIFFORD CHANCE LLP AND CLIFFORD CHANCE US LLP'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	age
PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
PROCEDURAL HISTORY	1
ARGUMENT	3
I. SUMMARY JUDGMENT SHOULD BE ENTERED FOR CLIFFORD	
CHANCE BECAUSE PLAINTIFFS CANNOT PROVE RELIANCE, A NECESSARY ELEMENT OF THEIR CLAIM	4
CONCLUSION	7

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases Page((S)
Affiliated Ute Citizens v. United States, 406 U.S. 128 (1972)	, 5
Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc, - 477 U.S. 242 (1986)	4
Basic Inc. v. Levinson, 485 U.S. 224 (1988)4,	, 5
Central Bank of Denver, N.A. v. First Interstate Bank of Denver, 511 U.S. 164 (1994)	4
In re DVI, Inc. Sec. Litig., 2005 WL 1307959 (E.D. Pa. May 31, 2005)	5
Jones v. Ames Funding Corp., 2006 WL 2845689 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 8, 2006) (Davis, J.)	4
Mextel, Inc. v. Air-Shields, Inc., 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1281 (E.D. Pa. Jan. 31, 2005) (Davis, J.)	, 4
Newton v. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc., 259 F.3d 154 (3d Cir. 2001)5,	, 6
Parilla v. IAP Worldwide Services VI, Inc., 368 F.3d 269 (3d Cir. 2004)	6
Robert Billet Promotions, Inc. V. IMI Cornelius, Inc., 1997 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 19544 (E.D. Pa. Dec. 10, 1997)	6
Semerenko v. Cendant Corp., 223 F.3d 165 (3d Cir. 2000)5,	, 6
Stoneridge Investment Partners, LLC v. Scientific-Atlanta, Inc. et al., 128 S. Ct. 761 (2008)	, 5
Thompson v. Glenmede Trust. Co., 1994 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 72 (E.D. Pa. Jan. 6, 1994)	4
OTHER AUTHORITIES	
18 Charles A. Wright, Arthur R. Miller, et al., FEDERAL PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE § 4478 (1981 & Supp. 1997)	6

Case 2:03-cv-05336-LDD Document 687 Filed 04/30/09 Page 6 of 18

18 MOORE'S FEDERAL PRACTICE § 134.20-23 (3d ed. 1997)
Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Plaintiffs Cedar Street Fund, Cedar Street Offshore Fund and Michael Grossman ("Plaintiffs") assert a single claim for securities fraud against Defendants Clifford Chance LLP and Clifford Chance US LLP ("Clifford Chance") based on Clifford Chance's alleged participation in a deceptive "scheme" relating to securities issued by DVI, Inc. ("DVI"). Plaintiffs do not contend that they were aware of Clifford Chance's alleged conduct or that such conduct caused them to purchase DVI securities. In fact, plaintiffs specifically allege that they did not know of the alleged scheme at the time they purchased the securities at issue. Thus, plaintiffs cannot establish reliance on Clifford Chance. Without such reliance, plaintiffs' claim is deficient as a matter of law and must be dismissed.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Plaintiffs filed the original complaint in this action on September 23, 2004. On April 6, 2006, after several amendments to the Complaint that asserted claims against additional defendants, and after plaintiffs had been appointed as "lead plaintiffs" for the putative class, plaintiffs sought leave to further amend their complaint to assert claims against Clifford Chance. [Doc. No. 270.]

Plaintiffs' Fifth Amended Class Action Complaint (the "Complaint" or "FAC"), which was deemed filed on May 23, 2006, asserts one claim against Clifford Chance (Count V), for violation of Section 10(b) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. [Doc. No. 298]. Specifically, the Complaint alleges that Clifford Chance violated Section 10(b), and Rule 10b-5(a) and (c) thereunder, "in that it: (a) Employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud; or . . . (c) Engaged in acts, practices, and a course of business that operated as a fraud or deceit upon plaintiff and others similarly situated in connection with their purchases of DVI publicly traded securities during the Class Period." FAC ¶ 560.

The Complaint does not allege that plaintiffs relied on any conduct by Clifford Chance. Rather, the Complaint alleges that (1) Clifford Chance participated in a "scheme to artificially inflate the price of DVI securities" (FAC ¶ 562), (2) plaintiffs "did not know [about] the scheme" (id. ¶ 564) and (3) "[t]he scheme proximately caused Plaintiffs and the Class to purchase" DVI common stock and notes (id. ¶ 565). Recognizing that plaintiffs cannot prove individualized reliance by them or the putative class, the Complaint states that, with respect to all of the allegations in the Complaint, "there is a presumption of reliance under the 'fraud-on-the-market' theory" (FAC ¶ 486).

On December 4, 2006, plaintiffs moved to certify a class against Clifford Chance and the other defendants in the action. [Doc. No. 406.] Clifford Chance opposed plaintiffs' motion for class certification, arguing, *inter alia*, that class certification was not appropriate because plaintiffs were not entitled to a presumption of reliance on Clifford Chance's alleged conduct, and therefore individual issues of reliance on Clifford Chance would predominate over issues common to all class members. [Doc. No. 432.] Lead plaintiffs filed a reply memorandum, in which they argued that they were entitled to a presumption of reliance on Clifford Chance based on the "fraud on the market" theory or the *Affiliated Ute* presumption. [Doc. No. 451.] The Court heard oral argument on July 10, 2007, and reserved decision. [Doc. No. 494.]

In January 2008, Clifford Chance submitted a notice of recent authority concerning the Supreme Court's decision in *Stoneridge Investment Partners, LLC v. Scientific-Atlanta, Inc. et al.*, 128 S. Ct. 761 (2008). [Doc. No. 556.] Plaintiffs then filed a brief and supplemental appendix responding to Clifford Chance's notice of recent authority [Doc. Nos. 568, 600], in response to which Clifford Chance filed a reply brief [Doc. No. 579]. Plaintiffs submitted a surreply brief on March 19, 2008. [Doc. No. 597.]

On April 29, 2008, the Court issued an opinion denying plaintiffs' motion for class certification with respect to Clifford Chance.¹ [Doc. Nos. 609.] The Court held that plaintiffs were "not entitled to invoke the fraud on the market presumption to establish reliance with respect to Clifford Chance" because "none of [Clifford Chance's] alleged conduct was publicly disclosed such that it affected the market for DVI securities" and therefore "investors in DVI did not rely upon the allegedly deceptive conduct of Clifford Chance." Memorandum and Order, dated April 29, 2008 [Doc. No. 609] p.41. Likewise, the Court held that "the Affiliated Ute presumption is equally inapplicable because Clifford Chance owed no duty of disclosure to DVI's investors." *Id.* p.42. The Court concluded that "because Lead Plaintiffs are not entitled to either presumption in establishing reliance on a class wide basis . . . individual issues of reliance will predominate over common issues of law and fact with respect to Clifford Chance" and therefore class certification was not appropriate with respect to Clifford Chance. *Id.*

On May 14, 2008, plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration of the denial of class certification with respect to Clifford Chance. [Doc. No. 620.] The Court denied plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration on August 27, 2008.² [Doc. No. 648.]

ARGUMENT

Summary judgment is appropriate where "there is no genuine issue of material fact and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." *Mextel, Inc. v. Air-Shields, Inc.*, 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1281, at *38 (E.D. Pa. Jan. 31, 2005) (Davis, J.). While the moving party

¹ The Court's original order incorrectly stated that plaintiffs' motion for class certification had been granted in full. [Doc. No. 609.] On April 30, 2008, the Court issued an amended order clarifying that plaintiffs' motion for class certification was denied as to Clifford Chance. [Doc. No. 611.]

² On September 12, 2008, plaintiffs filed a petition for permission to appeal the Court's decision to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals. United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit, Case No. 08-8045. On December 22, 2008, the Third Circuit ordered the parties to submit additional briefing concerning plaintiffs' petition, which remains pending before the Third Circuit. *Id.* at Doc. No. 00313713944.

has the initial burden of demonstrating the absence of genuine issues of material fact, that burden "may be discharged by showing that the there is an absence of evidence to support the non-moving party's case." *Id.* at *38-39 (quoting *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 323 (1986)). Once this burden is discharged, the non-movant must establish the existence of each element on which it bears the burden of proof. *Id.* at *39 (citing *J.F. Feeser, Inc. v. Serv-A-Portion, Inc.*, 909 F.2d 1524, 1531 (3d Cir. 1990)).

A plaintiff cannot avoid summary judgment with speculation or conjecture, or by resting on the allegation in his pleadings. *Jones v. Ames Funding Corp.*, 2006 WL 2845689, at *4 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 8, 2006) (Davis, J.); *Mextel, Inc.*, 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1281, at *39; *Thompson v. Glenmede Trust. Co.*, 1994 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 72, at *6 (E.D. Pa. Jan. 6, 1994). Rather, in order to defeat a motion for summary judgment, a plaintiff must present competent evidence from which a jury could reasonably find in his favor. *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 249 (1986).

I. SUMMARY JUDGMENT SHOULD BE ENTERED FOR CLIFFORD CHANCE BECAUSE PLAINTIFFS CANNOT PROVE RELIANCE, A NECESSARY ELEMENT OF THEIR CLAIM

Reliance by the plaintiff upon the defendant is a necessary element of an action under Section 10(b) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 thereunder. *E.g.*, *Stoneridge Investment Partners, LLC v. Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.*, 128 S. Ct. 761, 769 (2008) ("Reliance by the plaintiff upon the defendant's deceptive acts is an essential element of the § 10(b) private cause of action"); *Central Bank of Denver, N.A. v. First Interstate Bank of Denver*, 511 U.S. 164, 180 (1994) ("A plaintiff must show reliance on the defendant's misstatement or omission to recover under 10b-5") (citing *Ernst & Ernst v. Hochfelder*, 425 U.S. 185, 206 (1976)); *Basic Inc. v. Levinson*, 485 U.S. 224, 243 (1988) ("reliance is an element of a Rule 10b-5 cause of action"); Memorandum and Order, dated April 29, 2008 [Doc. No. 609] pp.

19-20. Reliance is required in all actions under Rule 10b-5, including cases (such as this) in which claims are asserted based on "scheme liability" under Rule 10b-5(a) and (c). *E.g.*, *Stoneridge Investment Partners, LLC*, 128 S. Ct. at 770; *In re DVI*, *Inc. Sec. Litig.*, 2005 WL 1307959, at *10 (E.D. Pa. May 31, 2005); Memorandum and Order, dated April 29, 2008 [Doc. No. 609] pp. 19-20.

Courts will presume that such reliance exists in two circumstances. First, under the *Affiliated Ute* presumption, where there is an omission of a material fact by one with a duty to disclose, courts will presume reliance by the investor to whom the duty was owed. *Stoneridge*, 128 S. Ct. at 769; *Affiliated Ute Citizens v. United States*, 406 U.S. at 153-154. Second, under the "fraud on the market" presumption, where the statements or conduct at issue become public, the public information is presumed to be reflected in the market price of the security, and courts will presume reliance by the investor on the statement or conduct. *Stoneridge*, 128 S. Ct. at 769; *Basic Inc*, 485 U.S. at 247.

When neither presumption of reliance is applicable, each plaintiff must individually establish that it actually relied on the defendant's alleged conduct in purchasing or selling the securities at issue. *See Stoneridge*, 128 S. Ct. at 769; *Newton v. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc.*, 259 F.3d 154, 174 (3d Cir. 2001); *Semerenko v. Cendant Corp.*, 223 F.3d 165, 178 (3d Cir. 2000); Memorandum and Order, dated April 29, 2008 [Doc. No. 609] p.42.

After extended briefing, this Court held that plaintiffs are not entitled to invoke either the fraud on the market or the *Affiliated Ute* presumptions against Clifford Chance:

... this Court finds that Lead Plaintiffs are not entitled to the fraud on the market presumption to establish reliance with respect to Clifford Chance. Additionally, the Court finds that the <u>Affiliated Ute</u> presumption is equally inapplicable . . .

Memorandum and Order, dated April 29, 2008, Doc. No. 609, pp. 41-42. This ruling constitutes the "law of the case." *Robert Billet Promotions, Inc. V. IMI Cornelius, Inc.*, 1997 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 19544, at *5 (E.D. Pa. Dec. 10, 1997) (law of the case doctrine bars parties from relitigating issues already decided in previous decisions by the trial court); 18 MOORE'S FEDERAL PRACTICE § 134.20-23 (3d ed. 1997); 18 Charles A. Wright, Arthur R. Miller, et al., FEDERAL PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE § 4478 (1981 & Supp. 1997).

Therefore, in order to state a viable claim against Clifford Chance, plaintiffs must establish reliance on Clifford Chance on an individualized basis. Specifically, each plaintiff must prove (1) that "they were aware of, and directly misled by" Clifford Chance's conduct (*Semerenko*, 223 F.3d 165 at 178); and (2) that such conduct "caused [them] "to engage in the transaction in question"—i.e., to purchase DVI securities (*Newton*, 259 F.3d at 174).

Plaintiffs do not contend that they were aware of Clifford Chance's allegedly fraudulent conduct or that such conduct caused them to purchase DVI securities. Clifford Chance LLP And Clifford Chance US LLP's Statement Of Material Undisputed Facts ("MF") Nos. 1, 3. Nor does the record contain any evidence of such knowledge or reliance. MF 2. In fact, plaintiffs admit that, at the time they purchased the securities at issue, they did not know of the scheme in which Clifford Chance allegedly participated. MF 3. Therefore, "[i]t is axiomatic that [... plaintiffs' claim] for securities fraud [against Clifford Chance] must be dismissed." *Newton*, 259 F.3d at 174.

³ Plaintiffs are bound by the allegations of their complaint. *Parilla v. IAP Worldwide Services VI, Inc.*, 368 F.3d 269, 275 (3d Cir. 2004).

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, Clifford Chance respectfully requests that the Complaint against Clifford Chance be dismissed with prejudice pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Dated: April 30, 2009

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Celia Goldwag Barenholtz, hereby certify that on this 30th day of April, 2009, I caused a true and correct copy of the Clifford Chance LLP and Clifford Chance US LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment, along with the supporting Memorandum of Law and Statement of Material Undisputed Facts, to be served by electronic mail and through the ECF system, upon counsel listed on the attached service list. I further certify that the foregoing has been electronically filed and is available for viewing and downloading from the ECF system.

/s/ Celia Goldwag Barenholtz Celia Goldwag Barenholtz

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